



SPECIAL EDUCATION LAW

Parental Placement of Child in Private/NonPublic School

Procedural Safeguards

The sections of this document that refer to Procedural Safeguards contain the language from the 2018 revised document entitled, “*IDEA Part B Parents’ Rights in Special Education (Age 3-21) Procedural Safeguards Notice.*” The Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA), the Federal law concerning the education of students with disabilities, requires schools to provide parents of a child with a disability with a notice containing a full explanation of the procedural safeguards available under the IDEA and the federal regulations. A copy of this notice must be given to parents only one time a school year, except that a copy must be given to the parents: (1) upon initial referral or parent request for evaluation; (2) upon receipt of the first State complaint under 34 CFR §§300.151 through 300.153 and upon receipt of the first due process complaint under §300.507 in a school year; (3) when a decision is made to take a disciplinary action that constitutes a change of placement; and (4) upon parent request.

Requirements for Unilateral Placement by Parents of Children in Private Schools at Public Expense

GENERAL

Part B of the IDEA does not require a school district to pay for the cost of education, including special education and related services, of your child with a disability at a private school or facility if the school district made a free appropriate public education (FAPE) available to your child and you choose to place the child in a private school or facility. However, the school district where the private school is located must include your child in the population whose needs are addressed under the Part B provisions regarding children who have been placed by their parents in a private school under 34 CFR §§300.131 through 300.144.

REIMBURSEMENT FOR PRIVATE SCHOOL PLACEMENT

If your child previously received special education and related services under the authority of a school district, and you choose to enroll your child in a private preschool, elementary school, or secondary school without the consent of or referral by the school district, a court or a hearing officer may require the agency to reimburse you for the cost of that enrollment if the court or hearing officer finds that the agency had not made a free appropriate public education (FAPE) available to your child in a timely manner prior to that enrollment and that the private placement is appropriate. A hearing officer or court may find your placement to be appropriate, even if the placement does not meet the State standards that apply to education provided by the State Educational Agency and school districts.

LIMITATION ON REIMBURSEMENT

The cost of reimbursement described in the paragraph above may be reduced or denied:

- If: (a) At the most recent individualized education program (IEP) meeting that you attended prior to your removal of your child from the public school, you did not inform the IEP Team that you were rejecting the placement proposed by the school district to provide FAPE to your child, including stating your concerns and your intent to enroll your child in a private school at public expense; or (b) At least 10 business days (including any holidays that occur on a business day) prior to your removal of your child from the public school, you did not give written notice to the school district of that information;
- If, prior to your removal of your child from the public school, the school district provided prior written notice to you, of its intent to evaluate your child (including a statement of the purpose of the evaluation that was appropriate and reasonable), but you did not make the child available for the evaluation; **or**
- Upon a court's finding that your actions were unreasonable.

However, the cost of reimbursement:

- Must not be reduced or denied for failure to provide the notice if: (a) The school prevented you from providing the notice; (b) You had not received notice of your responsibility to provide the notice described above; or (c) Compliance with the requirements above would likely result in physical harm to your child; **and**
- May, in the discretion of the court or a hearing officer, not be reduced or denied for the parents' failure to provide the required notice if: (a) The parent is not literate or cannot write in English; or (b) Compliance with the above requirement would likely result in serious emotional harm to the child.

Nebraska Rule 51

The sections of this document that refer to Nebraska Rule 51 contain the language from the 2017 revised document entitled, "*Nebraska Department of Education Rule 51: Regulations and Standards for Special Education Programs. Title 92, Nebraska Administrative Code, Chapter 51.*"

015.02 Children Placed In a Nonpublic School by Parents As a Means of Obtaining Special Education and Related Services; FAPE is At Issue

015.02A This Chapter does not require a school district or approved cooperative to pay for the cost of education, including special education and related services, of a child with a disability at a nonpublic school or facility if that school district or approved cooperative made FAPE available to the child and the parents elected to place the child in a nonpublic school or facility as a means of obtaining special education and related services. However, the school district or approved cooperative shall include that child in the population whose needs are addressed consistent with 92 NAC 51-015.03.

015.02B Disagreements between a parent and a school district or approved cooperative regarding the availability of a program appropriate for the child, and the question of financial reimbursement, are subject to the due process procedures of 92 NAC 55.

015.02B1 If the parents of a child with a disability, who previously received special education and related services under the authority of the school district or approved cooperative, enroll the child in a nonpublic preschool, elementary or secondary school as a means of obtaining special education and related services without the consent of or referral by the school district or approved cooperative, a court or a hearing officer may require the school district or approved cooperative to reimburse the parents for the cost of that enrollment if the court or hearing officer finds that the school district or approved cooperative had not made a free appropriate public education available to the child in a timely manner prior to that enrollment and that the private placement is appropriate.

015.02B1a A parental placement may be found to be appropriate by a hearing officer or a court even if it does not meet the State standards that apply to education provided by the school district or approved cooperative.

015.02C The cost of reimbursement described in 92 NAC 51-015.02B1 may be reduced or denied if:

015.02C1 At the most recent IEP team meeting that the parents attended prior to removal of the child from the public school, the parents did not inform the IEP team that they were rejecting the placement proposed by the school district or approved cooperative to provide a free appropriate public education to their child, including stating their concerns and their intent to enroll their child in a nonpublic school at public expense; or

015.02C2 At least 10 business days (including any holidays that occur on a business day), prior to the removal of the child from the public school or approved cooperative, the parents did not give written notice to the school district of the information described in 92 NAC 51-015.02C1; or

015.02C3 If prior to the parents' removal of the child from the public school, the school district or approved cooperative informed the parents, through the notice requirements described in 92 NAC 51-009.05, of its intent to evaluate the child (including a statement of the purpose of the evaluation that was appropriate and reasonable), but the parents did not make the child available for such evaluation; or

015.02C4 Upon a judicial finding of unreasonableness with respect to actions taken by the parents.

015.02D Notwithstanding the notice requirement in 92 NAC 51-015.02C1 and 015.02C2, the cost of reimbursement:

015.02D1 Must not be reduced or denied for failure to provide the notice if:

015.02D1a The school district or approved cooperative prevented the parents from providing the notice;

015.02D1b The parents had not received notice, pursuant to 92 NAC 51-009.06 of the notice requirement in 92 NAC 51-015.02C1 and 015.02C2; or

015.02D1c Compliance with 92 NAC 51-015.02C1 and 015.02C2 would likely result in physical harm to the child; and

015.02D2 May, in the discretion of the court or a hearing officer, not be reduced or denied for failure to provide this notice if:

015.02D2a The parents are not literate or cannot write in English; or

015.02D2b Compliance with paragraph 92 NAC 51-015.02C1 and 015.02C2 of this section would likely result in serious emotional harm to the child.

If you have additional questions regarding parental placement of a child in a nonpublic school, see the Nebraska Department of Education's 2018 Guidance Document entitled, "Special Education Services to Children with Disabilities (Ages 3-21) Parentally Placed in Approved and/or Accredited Non-public Schools Including Exempt Home Schools (FAPE Is Not At Issue)" <https://cdn.education.ne.gov/wp-content/uploads/2019/04/Non-Public-Services-to-Children-with-Disabilities-Enrolled-by-their-Parents-in-Non-Public-Schools-Aug-2018.pdf>

For more information about parental placement of a child in a private/nonpublic school, contact your child's special education teacher, a PTI Nebraska parent/professional at (800) 284-8520 and pti-nebraska.org, or the Nebraska Department of Education at (402) 471-2471 and education.ne.gov/sped/.

The Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA) is a law that makes available a free appropriate public education to eligible children with disabilities throughout the nation and ensures special education and related services to those children. See <https://sites.ed.gov/idea/> for more information on IDEA.

Rule 51 is the document that outlines regulations and standards for special education programs in Nebraska. Rule 51 can be found on the Nebraska Department of Education's website: https://cdn.education.ne.gov/wp-content/uploads/2017/10/Rule51_2017.pdf.

Rule 55 is the document that outlines rules of practice and procedure for due process hearing in special education contest cases. Rule 55 can be found on the Nebraska Department of Education's website: https://cdn.education.ne.gov/wp-content/uploads/2017/10/Rule55_2012.pdf