

# The Nebraska Student-Centered Assessment System (NSCAS) Innovation Overview and Timeline

February 2021

# Level Setting

- October of 2019 Announced Transition
  - Through-Year Adaptive (TYA) Assessment Model
  - Context Setting and Impetus of Change
    - [NSCAS Innovations Presentation](#) – YouTube Video, Time: 1:00:21
  - High Level Description of the Model & Timeline
  - NSCAS General Summative
    - ELA
    - Mathematics

## NSCAS Adaptive Through-Year Model

Simply put, this model combines the current NSCAS Summative and NSCAS Interim into a hybrid model.

# Level Set

- World Changed
  - Pandemic
  - Move to Remote Learning
  - Suspension of 2020 Assessments
- Since March of 2020
- NSCAS Innovation Update
  - Timeline and Evolution


# NSCAS Innovation Update Agenda

- Innovation overview
- Timelines and results
  - 2020-2021
  - 2021-2022
- This is the Way...Forward
- Professional learning and Communications
- Research updates

# Presentation Goals

- Provide high-level overview of TYA
- Reestablish timeline transition
  - 2020-21
  - 2021-22
  - 2022-23
- Review plans for ongoing feedback and communication
- Examine ongoing input methods and research needed to make the transition

Provide some reassurance!



# High-Level Overview of through-year adaptive assessment model

# The Evolution of NSCAS

- NSCAS was established with the goal of creating a more student-centered assessment system
- Since 2017 we have been engaged in an intentional process of evolution focused on making the system more relevant to teaching and learning
- Feedback from Nebraska educators has been and will continue to be critical to this process

# Educator feedback in action

## Goals of NSCAS adaptive through-year assessment:

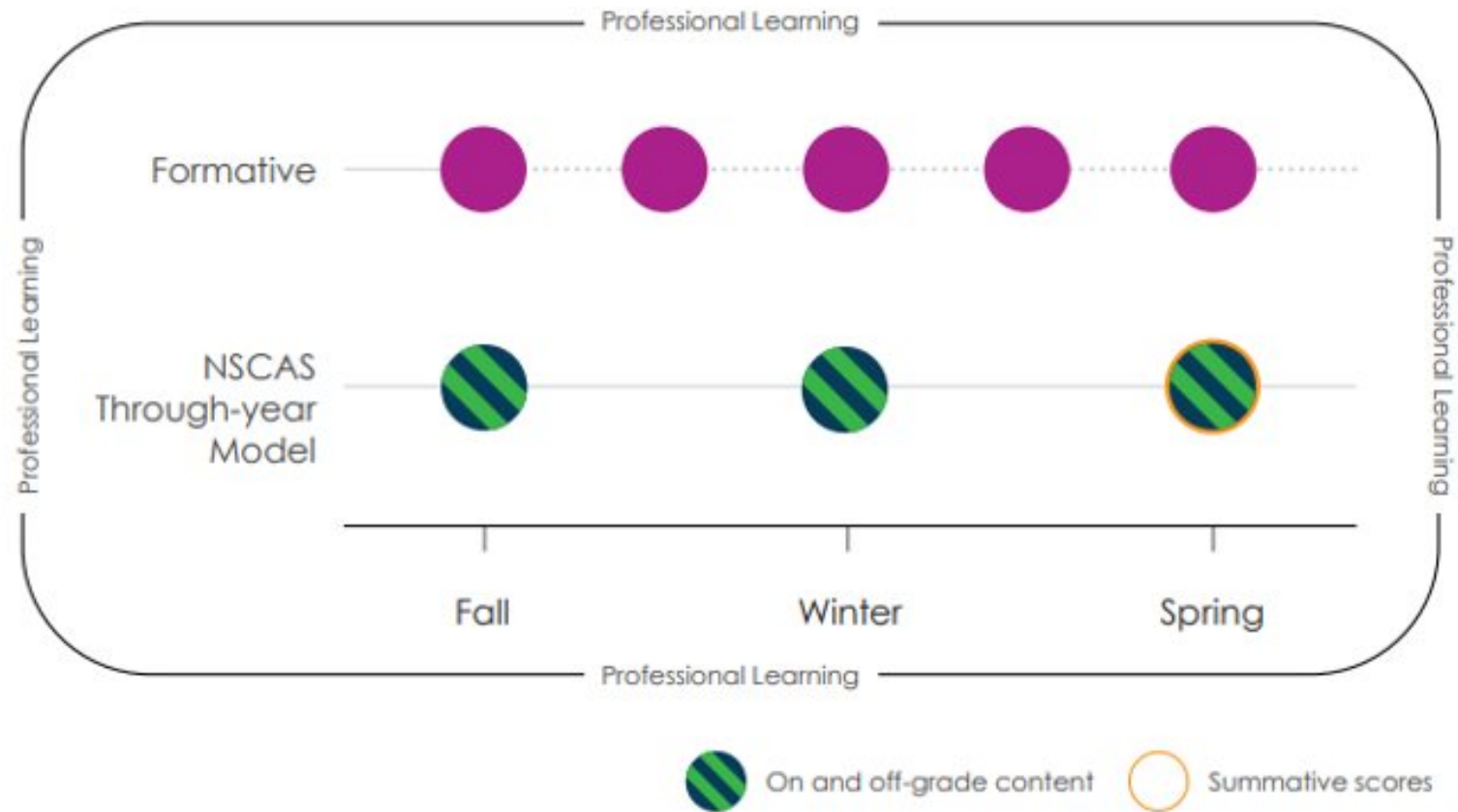
- Provide more useful data throughout the year to guide instruction.
- Reinforce assessment as an instructional tool.
- Support the examination of learning in context.
- Provide multiple opportunities to showcase student learning within the context of Nebraska's College and Career Ready Standards.
- Decrease overall testing time.
- Utilize the strengths of NSCAS General Summative & MAP Growth.



# AQuESTT Tenet Change

- **Student Achievement and Growth**: A balanced assessment system that includes results from multiple sources is used to measure student growth and achievement of Nebraska's college and career ready standards. A balanced assessment system is a necessary part of the instructional process to improve achievement and growth for each student.

# Adaptive through-year model

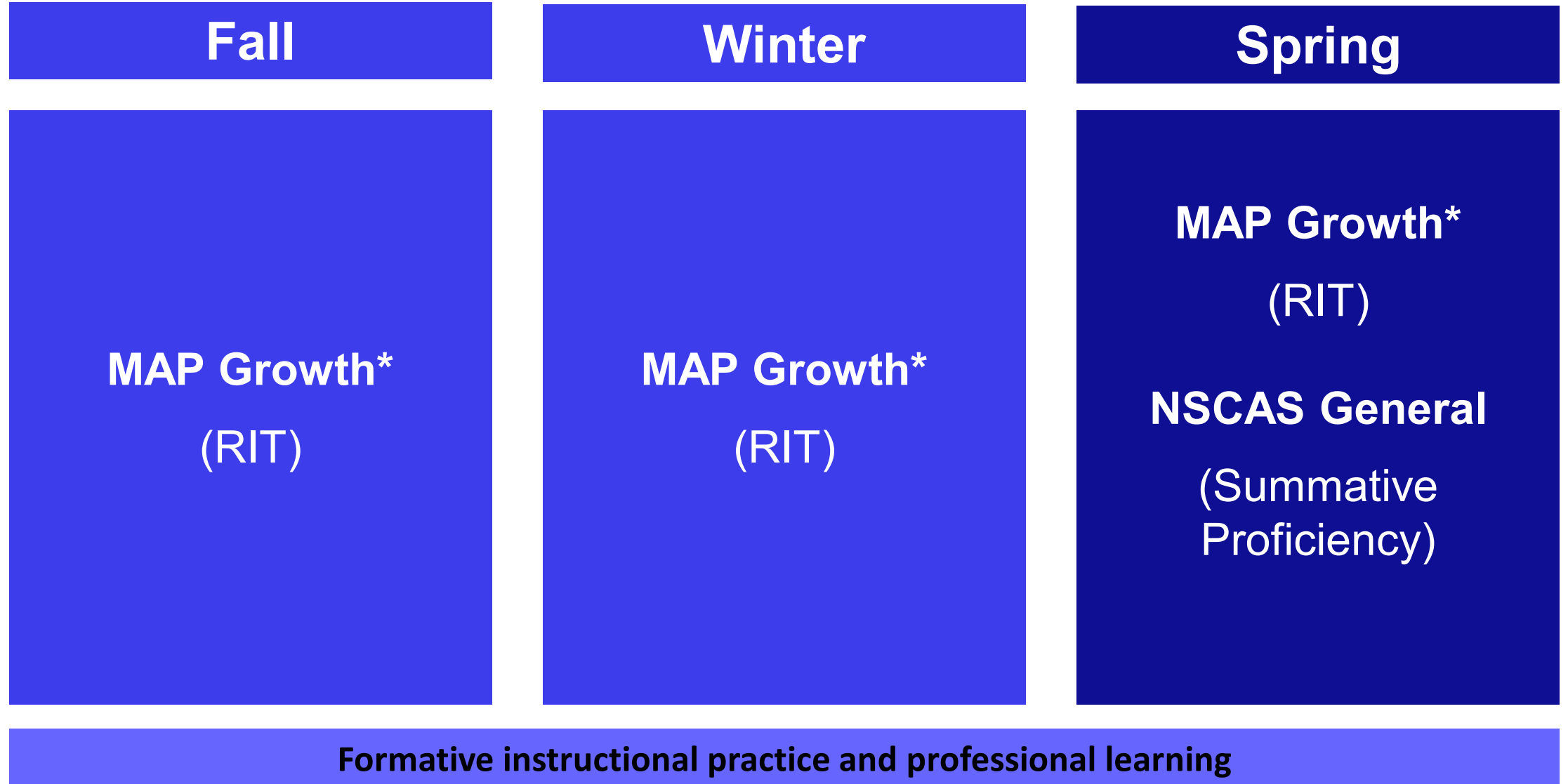


Introducing . . .

# NSCAS Growth

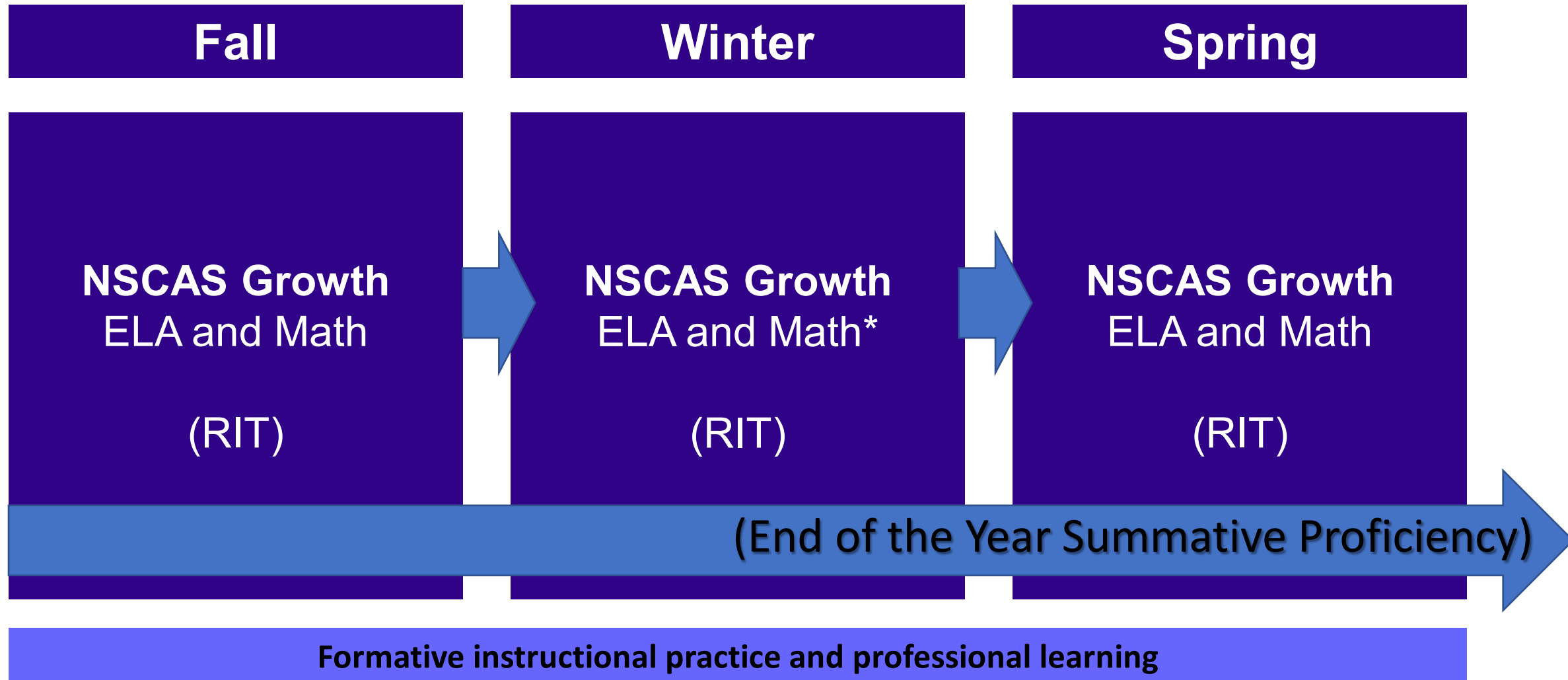
Our name for the NSCAS adaptive  
through-year assessment

# Where we have been:



\*District optional

# Where we are headed:



\*District optional

# NSCAS Growth benefits

- Leverages interim assessments to produce both growth and proficiency information
- Aligned to Nebraska standards
- Streamlines testing and increases coherence (same learning targets and testing protocols vs. separate interim/summative systems)
- Adapts to efficiently and accurately measure student learning
- Helps inform next steps/actions in learning
- Measures growth within and across years
- Tells a longitudinal story
- Provides RIT scores, access to NWEA's national norms
- Avoids the administration of both an interim and a summative test in the spring (one test in spring vs. two)



# The Pathway to NSCAS Growth

## Spring 2021: A time of transition

- NSCAS Phase I Pilot for ELA and mathematics
  - Transitional test that is neither the NSCAS General Summative nor NSCAS Growth (adaptive through-year assessment)
  - Will assist with the transition to NSCAS Growth (through-year adaptive summative assessment)
  - Will support research related to the impact of COVID
  - May help identify unfinished learning that may exist for each student
- We are taking a different approach to science assessment
  - Students in grades 5 & 8 will take a field test for Nebraska's College and Career Ready Standards for Science (NCCRS-S)
- NSCAS Alternate is still available for ELA, math, science
- Third-year cohort high school students will still take the NSCAS ACT or NSCAS Alternate



# 2020-2021 Timeline

## Fall

MAP Growth\*

(Science, Reading,  
Language, Math)

## Winter

MAP Growth\*

(Science, Reading,  
Language, Math)

## Spring

NSCAS

Phase I Pilot

(ELA, Math)

NSCAS Summative  
Field Test (Science)

MAP Growth\* (Science,  
Reading, Language, Math)

\*District optional

# NSCAS Phase I Pilot Results

- Scores not reported to public or families
- Districts receive individual results (no aggregation)
- Spreadsheet file
- RIT Score (comparable to MAP Growth)
- Estimated achievement level
- Results will not be used for accountability classifications or designations
- Results not comparable to preceding years; should be interpreted with caution and in context of other data sources
- Districts should continue to rely on existing assessments such as MAP Growth to inform teaching and learning

# 2021-2022 Timeline Partially Operational

## Fall

**MAP Growth\***

(Science, Reading,  
Language, Math)

## Winter

**NSCAS Growth Pilot**  
(ELA, Math)

**MAP Growth\***

(Science, Reading,  
Language, Math)

## Spring

**NSCAS Growth**  
(ELA, Math)

**NSCAS Summative**  
(Science)

**MAP Growth\*** (Science,  
Reading, Language, Math)

\*District optional

# Intended test results in 2021–2022

- Winter 2021-22 NSCAS Growth pilot provides within-year growth on the RIT scale
- Ability to provide immediate return of preliminary RIT scores (pending spring 2021 linking study results)
- Standard setting for ELA and Mathematics
- Proficiency score determined in summer 2022
- Research will inform results that can be provided

# 2022-2023 Timeline Fully Operational

## Fall

NSCAS Growth  
(ELA, Math)

MAP Growth\*  
(Science)

## Winter

NSCAS Growth  
(ELA, Math)

MAP Growth\*  
(Science)

## Spring

NSCAS Growth  
(ELA, Math)

NSCAS Summative  
(Science)

MAP Growth\*  
(Science)

\*District optional

# Retaining the best of MAP Growth

## The new model will:

- Take about the same amount of time per content
- Measure student performance & growth irrespective of grade level, within and across years
- Produce RIT information in fall, winter, & spring
- Provide access to NWEA's norms so growth can be considered in context of similar students nationally
- Be adaptive, accounting for differences in scope & sequence (local control is retained)
- Include access to the Learning Continuum or a similar, improved tool
- Support student mobility (test scores & longitudinal history will follow students from one school or district to another)

# Retaining & improving aspects of the NSCAS Summative

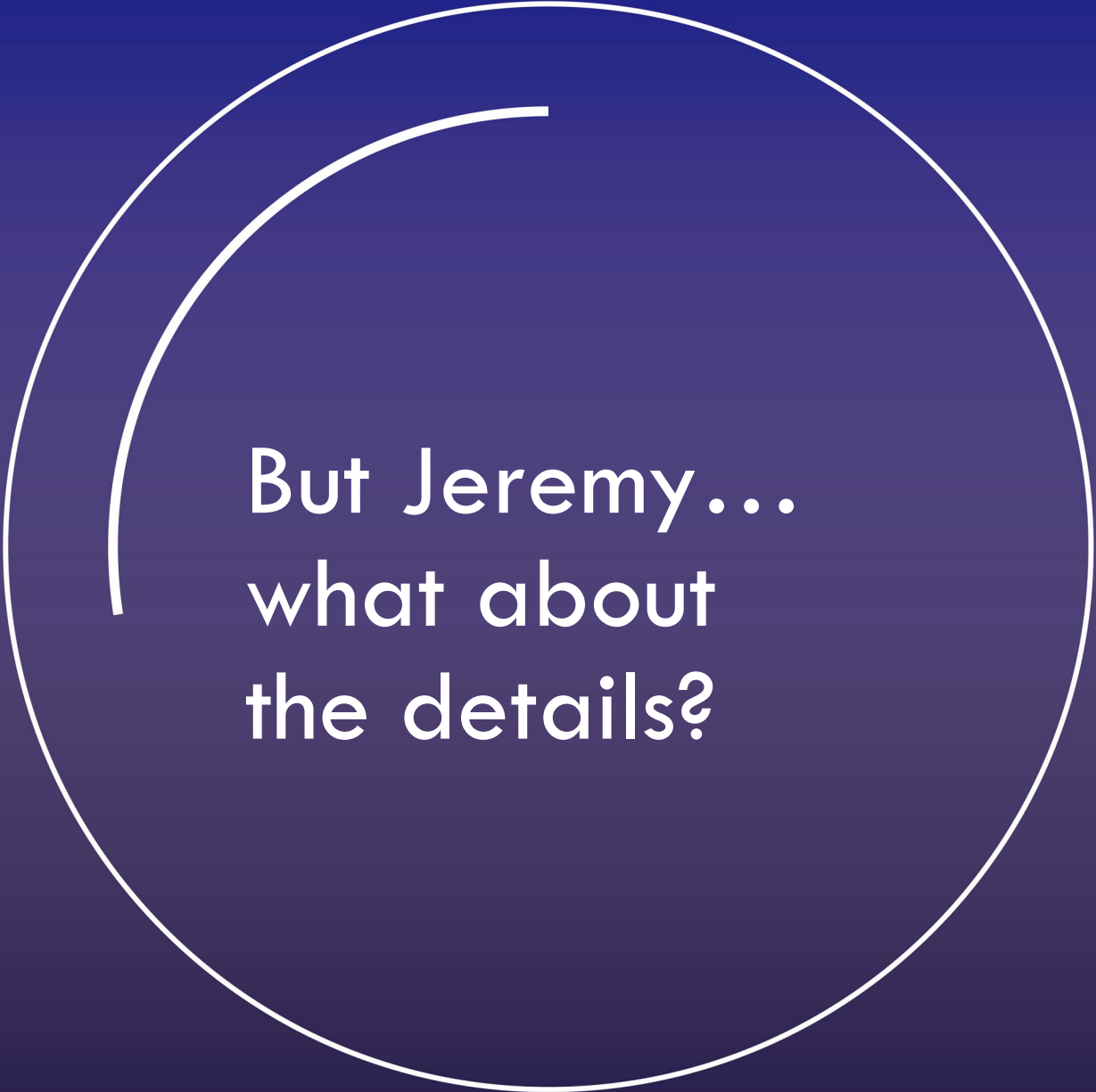
## The new model will:

- Measure student performance relative to grade-level expectations, adding criterion-referenced information to reports in fall, winter, & spring
- Provide information based on Nebraska's Achievement Level Descriptors (ALDs) to better support teachers in helping students reach & exceed standards-based learning targets
- Potentially improve the Learning Continuum by transforming it into a tool rooted in Nebraska's ALDs
- Provide multiple chances for students to demonstrate proficiency (or beyond) vs. just one chance at year's end
- Nebraska educators will continue to have a strong voice in the assessment system.

## How it will feel different from current state

- No more need to administer two tests (or trade MAP Growth for NSCAS Summative) in the spring
- Spring test is just one of three interim tests – about the same length as fall & winter tests, provided the student completed those tests
- Processes will become standardized across fall, winter, & spring – e.g. accommodations, linguistic supports, security, retake policies, test windows, etc.





But Jeremy...  
what about  
the details?

# Decision Making Philosophy

- Prioritize Interim
- Prioritize Growth
- Prioritize Students
- Prioritize Educators
- Prioritize Ease of Use
- Prioritize Continuous Improvement
- Consider Summative
- Consider Accountability
- Consider Security
- Consider Policy Makers
- Consider Other Stakeholders
- Consider Statutory Requirements

# Moving Forward...

## NSCAS Growth Information

- Monthly Advisory Meetings
  - Based around key areas (data/reporting, test management, psychometrics, etc.)
  - Followed by monthly updates for everyone (30-60 min. remote)
  - Recorded webinars posted on our webpage
- Update NSCAS Frequently Asked Questions
- Examples & Feedback Opportunities
- Ongoing Educator Feedback

# Nebraska Educator Opportunities

- Assessment & Accountability Advisory (Biannual & Ad Hoc)
- Assessment Thought Leaders (Ad Hoc)
  - Smaller group
- Content Advisory Boards (Ad Hoc)
  - ELA & Mathematics
  - NE content experts
- Annual Test Development
  - Content specific
- Achievement Level Descriptors
- Standards Review
- Accessibility Review and Update (summer 2021)



# Professional Learning & Communications

# Communications Plan

## 2021-22 Communications (starting in July)

- *Core audiences:*
  - Universal stakeholders (educators, parents, state board, general public)
  - Nebraska educators
  - District assessment coordinators
- *Goal:* Educate on the transition to through-year assessment and support preparedness, positive perceptions, and commitment to participating in the 2021-22 pilot
- *Tactics:*
  - NDE keynote at administrator days (target: educators)
  - Video focused on equity and through-year connection (target: universal audiences)
  - Video focused on educator involvement in shaping NSCAS and the evolution to through-year assessment (target: educators)
  - “Vignette” webinars tackling more specific or technical details (target: district assessment coordinators)

# Professional Learning

**2021-22**

- *Core audiences:*
  - Certified Facilitators
  - Plus-ones to join CF
- *Goal:* to strengthen the capacity of all Nebraska educators, including the Certified Facilitators, through system-wide professional learning (grounded in Professional Learning and Academic Content Standards) to increase the role-based knowledge, skills, and explicit transfer-to-practice of all aspects of the Nebraska balanced assessment system.
- *Tactics:*
  - Professional Learning Workshops: Assessment Literacy and Formative Assessment, Focusing on Growth, Interim Tools, and Writing with Evidence
  - CF Networking meetings
  - eNewsletter
  - Webinars



Ongoing Work



# Research goals to support the transition to NSCAS Growth

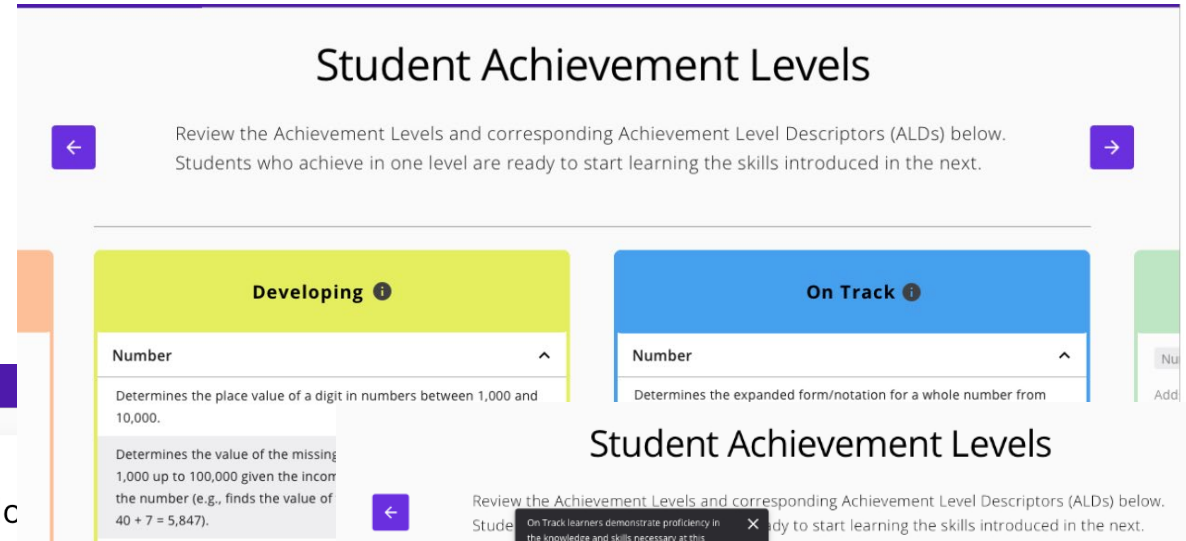
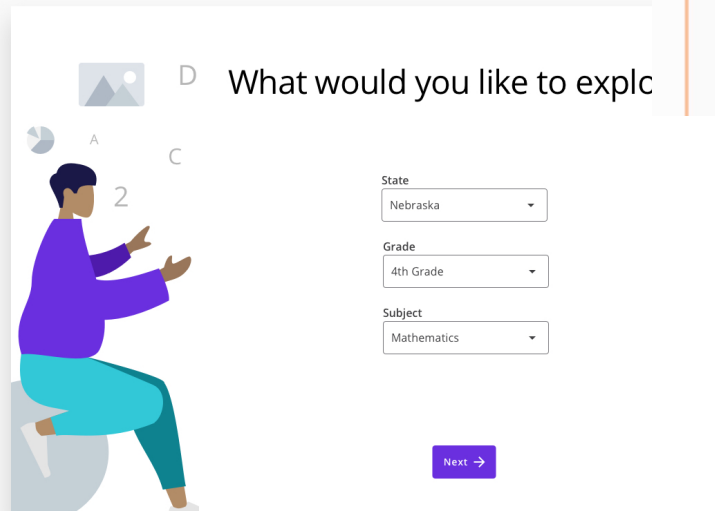
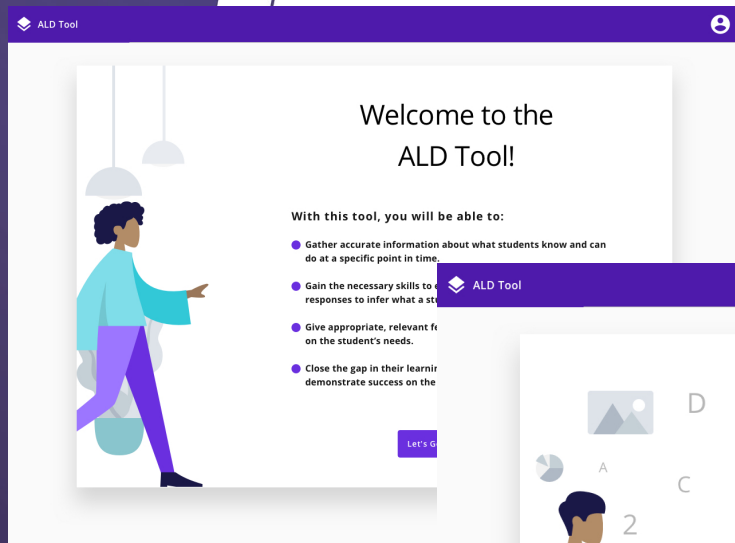
- Research study goals:
  - Establish a statistical link between MAP Growth and NSCAS scales
  - Running simulations and examining models

# Content activities for transition to NSCAS Growth

- Phase I Pilot in Spring 2021 to prepare for the transition
- Alignment studies
  - MAP Growth Grades 3-8
  - Additional banks and MAP Growth Grades 1, 2, and HS
- Range ALD review
- Range ALD Tool

# Nebraska research participation

- TY instructional tool (ALD-based recommendations) and teacher insights



## Student Achievement Levels



Review the Achievement Levels and corresponding Achievement Level Descriptors (ALDs) below. Students who achieve in one level are ready to start learning the skills introduced in the next.



### Developing

#### Number

Determines the place value of a digit in numbers between 1,000 and 10,000.

Determines the value of the missing 1,000 up to 100,000 given the incorrect number (e.g., finds the value of  $40 + 7 = 5,847$ ).

### On Track

#### Number

Determines the expanded form/notation for a whole number from 1,000 up to 100,000 given the standard form or a visual representation of the number (includes objects).

Determines the equivalent word form or visual representation for a whole number from 1,000 up to 100,000 given the number in standard form (includes objects).



Review the Achievement Levels and corresponding Achievement Level Descriptors (ALDs) below. Students who achieve in one level are ready to start learning the skills introduced in the next.



## Student Achievement Levels

### On Track

#### Number

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Determines the equivalent word form or visual representation for a whole number from 1,000 up to 100,000 given the number in standard form (includes objects).

Orders three whole numbers with at least one value being between 1,000 and 1,000,000 (may or may not use symbols).

Rounds a whole number from 1,000 up to 100,000 to the tens or hundreds place given a visual model.

Determines the non-unit fraction represented by a point plotted on a number line with whole number values labeled and the scale of the number line corresponds to the denominator of the fraction.

### College & Career Ready

#### Number

Plots a fraction on a number line with whole number values labeled when the scale of the number line is a multiple or factor of the denominator.

Explains the process for representing fractions on a number line using words, numbers, or visual representations.

Determines a visual representation/model of an equivalent fraction when given a visual representation/area model of the fraction where parts representing the numerator are not adjacent.

Determines various coin combinations to arrive at  $\frac{3}{4}$  of a dollar.

Orders three or more non-unit fractions of the same whole, all having the same numerator but different denominators.

Analyzes multiplication of a one-digit whole number by a multiple of 10 within 10 - 90 (e.g., explains a strategy for multiplying 4 times

# Nebraska research participation

## • WFF Grant Family Report

Winter 2020  
Family Report

Jessica Adames  
Grade 3, Frank H. Hammond Elementary School

### Resources

#### Compare results and homework

This report is just one piece of the puzzle. Look at it alongside Jessica's classwork and report card grades to get a more complete picture of her academic achievement.

#### Use online resources

Visit <http://xyz.com> for activities to support learning at home tailored to Jessica's performance in math and English language arts.

#### Ask Jessica's teacher

Discuss Jessica's performance with her teacher. Here are some questions you can ask:

*What skills in Mathematics and English Language Arts does Jessica need the most support with?*

*How does Jessica's performance on this test compare to classroom performance and on other tests?*

*What does Jessica need to do to meet or exceed the expectations at the end of the grade?*

For additional questions, visit <http://xyz.com>.

#### Georgia's Achievement Levels

##### Beginning Learners:

do not yet demonstrate proficiency, need substantial academic support to be prepared for the next grade level or course.

##### Proficient Learners:

demonstrate proficiency in knowledge and skills necessary, prepared for the next grade level or course.

##### Developing Learners:

demonstrate partial proficiency, need additional academic support to ensure success in the next grade level or course.

##### Distinguished Learners:

demonstrate advanced proficiency, are well prepared for the next grade level or course and are well prepared for college and career readiness.

To learn more about what students can do at each achievement level, please visit this site: [GEORGIA ALD LINK]

Winter 2020  
Family Report

Jessica Adames  
Grade 3, Frank H. Hammond Elementary School

### Mathematics

#### Developing Learner

Current Achievement Level\*

#### Action Needed

If your child maintains the same pace of growth until end of year, they may need additional support for the next grade.

● Jessica's Scores  
● -- Estimated Growth



\* To learn more about these achievement levels and what they mean, see Resources on page 4.

#### What is estimated growth?

Estimated growth shows what a student's scores could be if the student maintains the same pace of growth and learning throughout the year. It is based on current and past performance and is meant to support teachers, families, and students in determining whether adjustments to teaching and learning are needed so that growth targets can be reached or exceeded.

#### Score Comparisons

School Average	510
District Average	510
State Average	490

#### Subject Breakdown

Number Concepts and Problem Solving	505
Algebra	510
Geometry	490
Data Analysis and Probability Concepts	495

Winter 2020  
Family Report

Jessica Adames  
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### Overview

This year, your child will be taking a different type of state test.

Students take this test 3 times a year (in the fall, winter and spring) to measure how well they are meeting grade level expectations and identify where they may need more support.

Placeholder for  
State Logo

### Important things to know

#### Personalized testing

Taking this new test 3 times a year replaces the big end of year test. Each time a student takes the test, the questions pick up where they left off, so it is more personalized to your child's growth and academic performance.

#### Tailored instruction

Teachers receive results shortly after each test. This allows them to adjust their instruction throughout the year to address learning gaps early on and keep students on track to meet or exceed grade level expectations.

#### Families play an important role

Look at this report with other measures, like report card grades and classwork, to get a clearer picture of your child's academic performance and support needs. Keep in mind that this test is just one of several measures of student performance.

# Closing message...

- We hear your concerns...  
...working on getting you answers.
- We know you value MAP Growth...  
...working to provide and improve on that data.
- We acknowledge that you need resources...  
...working on providing resources for you to share.
- We value your input...  
...keep asking questions and challenging us to do better.

# Thank you!



## Questions?