



Storing and Using Poisonous or Toxic Chemicals Standard Operating Procedure

Purpose: To prevent foodborne illness by chemical contamination

Scope: This procedure applies to foodservice employees who use chemicals in the kitchen.

Keywords: Chemicals, Cross-Contamination, Contamination, Material Safety Data Sheet

Instructions:

1. Train foodservice employees on the proper use, storage, and first aid of chemicals and on the proper use of chemical test kits as specified in this procedure.
2. Designate a location for storing the Safety Data Sheets (SDS).
 - a. Best Practice: Orange notebook where chemicals are used, store or managers office.
Easy access in case of emergency.
3. Label and date all poisonous or toxic chemicals with the common name of the substance.
4. Store all chemicals in a designated secured area away from food and food contact surfaces using spacing or partitioning.
5. Limit access to chemicals by use of locks, seals, or key cards.
6. Maintain an inventory of chemicals.
7. Store only chemicals that are necessary to the operation and maintenance of the kitchen.
8. Mix, test, and use sanitizing solutions as recommended by the manufacturer, State, or local health department.
9. Use the appropriate chemical test kit to measure the concentration of sanitizer each time a new batch of sanitizer is mixed.
10. Follow manufacturer's directions for specific mixing, storing, and first aid instructions on chemicals.
11. Do not use chemical containers for storing food or water.
12. Use only hand sanitizers that comply with local, state and federal food code.
13. Label and store first aid supplies in a container that is located away from food or food contact surfaces.
14. Label and store medicines for employee use in a designated area and away from food contact surfaces. Do not store medicines in food storage areas.
15. Store refrigerated medicines in a covered, leak proof container, where they are not accessible to children, and cannot contaminate food.
16. Follow State and local public health requirements.

Monitoring:

Foodservice employees and foodservice manager will visually observe that chemicals are being stored, labeled, and used properly during all hours of operation.

Corrective Action:

Discard any food contaminated by chemicals. Label and/or properly store any unlabeled or misplaced chemicals.



Verification and Record Keeping:

Foodservice manager will complete the Food Safety Checklist monthly to indicate that monitoring is completed. Foodservice employees will record the name of the contaminated food, date, time, and the reason why the food was discarded on the Damaged and Discarded Product Log. The foodservice manager will verify that appropriate corrective actions are being taken by reviewing, initialing, and dating the Damaged and Discarded Product Log each day. Damaged and Discarded Product Logs are kept on file for a minimum of one year plus the current.

DATE IMPLEMENTED: _____ **BY:** _____

DATE REVIEWED: _____ **BY:** _____

DATE REVISED: _____ **BY:** _____