4th Grade – We Are Nebraska – Lesson 4

Grade 4	Theme: We Are Nebraska Lesson Title: Famous Nebraskans Literacy Strategies: graphic organizer, pair-share, note taking, oral discussions and quick write Estimated days: 2-3 days End of February			
	I can design a visual representation with an understanding of a famous Nebraskan that I researched and their contribution to the state of Nebraska.			
_	In celebration of Nebraska 150 birthday students will celebrate and research famous Nebraskans. So page 218-230 in Nebraska Adventures.			
	Nebraska Adventures, computers, glue sticks, white boards, yarn, scissors, copy paper, hole punch, pencil, and brown paper bags My Biography Notes Graphic Organizer			
Standards/	Social Studies SS 4.4.2 Students will describe and explain the relationship among people, events, ideas, and symbols over time using multiple types of sources. ELA LA 4.2.2.b Provide evidence from literary or informational text to support analysis, reflection, and research.			
	Anticipatory Set: (Day 1) Teacher will start writing famous people students might have heard of on the board. (Ex. Lebron James, Justin Bieber, Ariana Grande, Halle Berry, etc.) Teacher will then say, "As we celebrate Nebraska's sesquicentennial we will research famous people from Nebraska. On your white board quickly write down any famous Nebraskans you know." Have students share out some of their responses.			
Gradual Release of Instruction	Day 1 Model for students how to look up and find pertinent information for biographical research. Introduce students to the list of famous Nebraskans. Choose a Nebraskan and model how to take notes by recording information on the "My Biography Notes" graphic organizer. Think Aloud with students to distinguish important biographical facts versus "cool" or random facts.			
	(S/G) Choose a different famous Nebraskan and practice locating biographical information with students. Teacher will circulate around the room assisting students. Let students use whole class time to research and take notes. See http://www.scholastic.com/teachers/top-teaching/2013/02/get-inspired-biography-research-part-2-%E2%80%93-project-ideas for additional ideas for biography research and ways students can represent their learning.			
	Day 2 Students will create their Who Am I book based on famous Nebraskan they researched. (Directions attached) Teacher will model directions as students create their books. (M&S) Once assembled students will then use notes and put important information on flaps.			
	Day 3 (if needed) Have half the students stand by desk with their book they created and the other half of class walk			

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around and read their books while taking notes. After 10 minutes switch students and repeat process.

Extension Ideas:

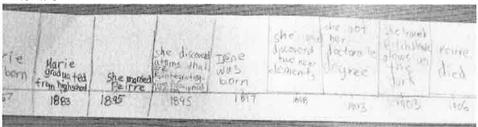
Living Wax Museum

http://www.scholastic.com/teachers/article/famous-african-americans-wax-museum

Avatar Movie Projects – Voki speech web-ware

http://www.alyciazimmerman.com/biography-avatar-movies.html

Time Line



http://www.scholastic.com/teachers/top-teaching/2013/02/get-inspired-biography-research-part-2-%E2%80%93-project-ideas

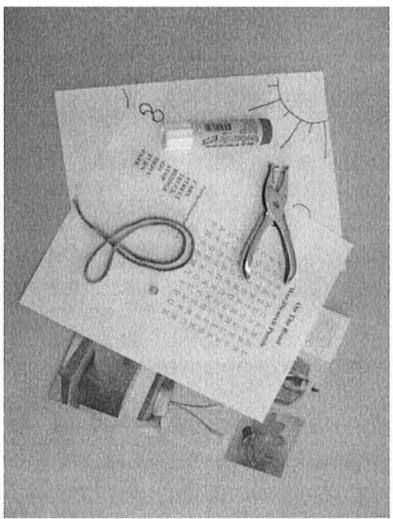
Powerpoint/Sway/Prezi

Have students create a presentation using technology to share their Famous Nebraskans research

Summary Students will Pair Share with partner information on their flaps of Who Am I Book.

Here is a Who Am I? Book about her. This is a simplified version of the book I usually make with a grocery bag and a cereal box panel (directions here). For this one I used two sheets of used copy paper with writing on one side only.

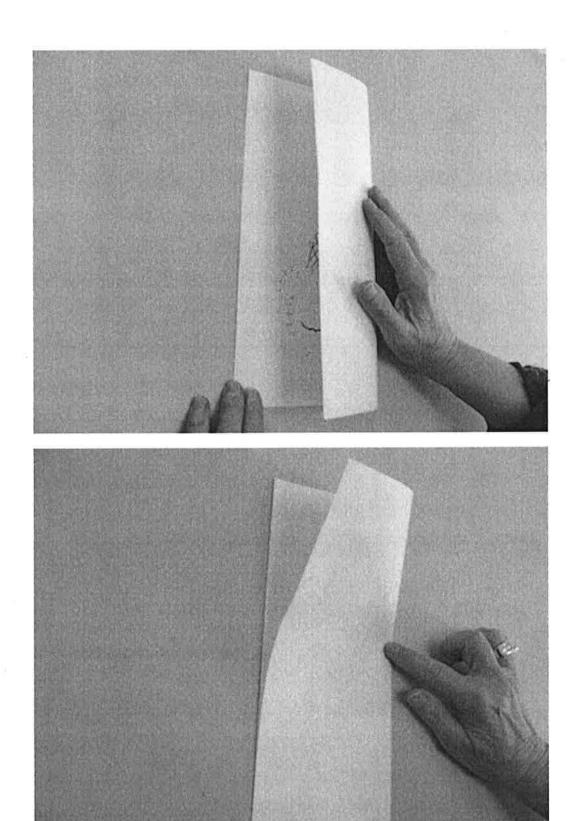
You Will Need:



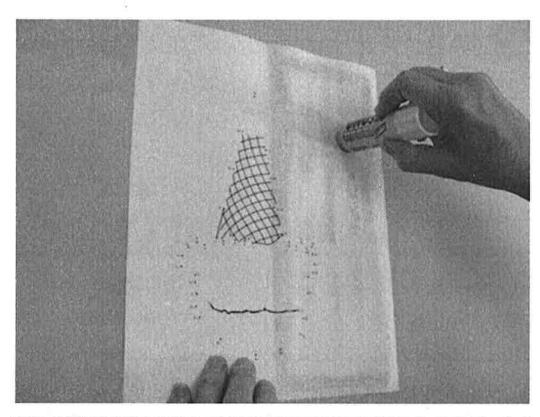
2 sheets used copy paper with writing on one side only Piece of yarn about an arm's length long Bead Glue stick Scrap paper Hole punch

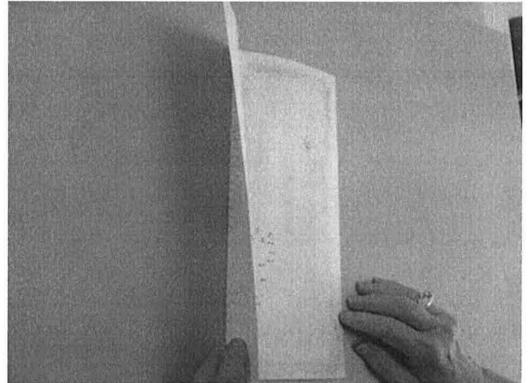
Make the Book:

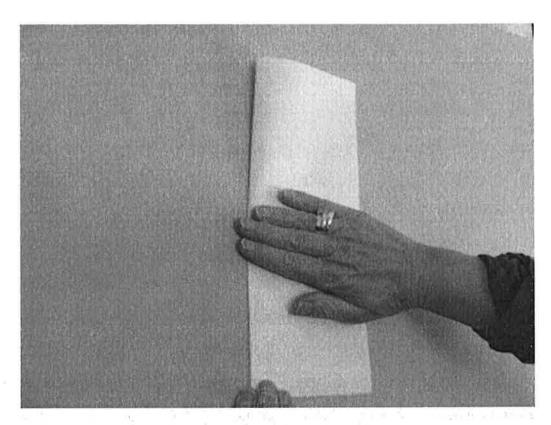
Fold one of the pieces of paper in half the long way like a hot dog with the writing on the inside.



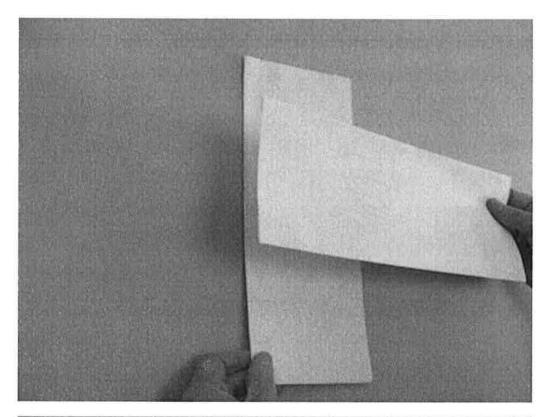
2. Open the paper, put glue on one half, close and smooth to help the glue adhere,

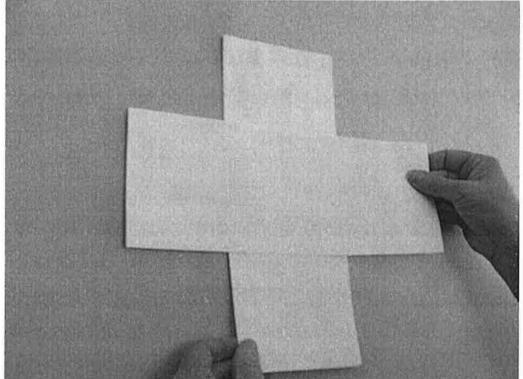




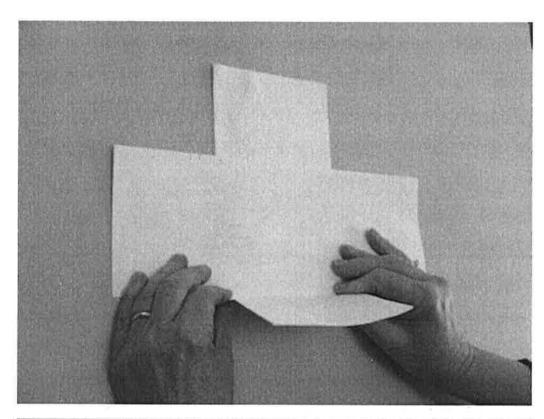


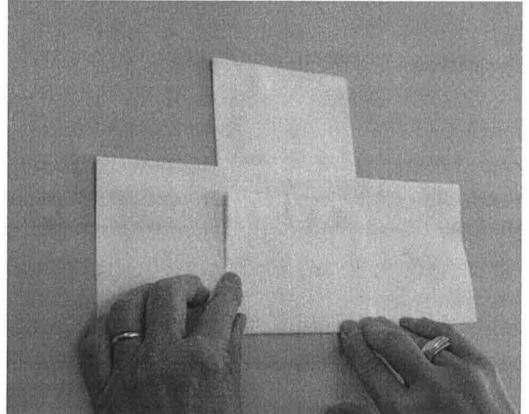
- 3. Repeat with the second piece of paper.
- 4. Place one folded piece so that it is tall in front of you. Place the second piece on top to form a large plus sign.



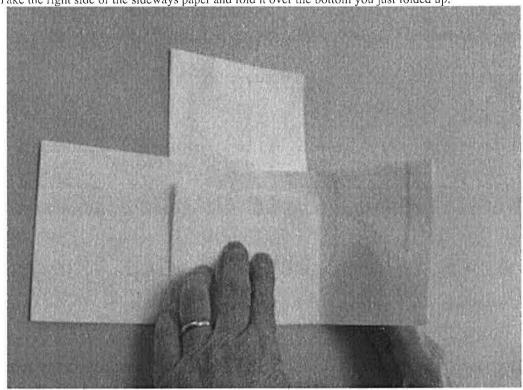


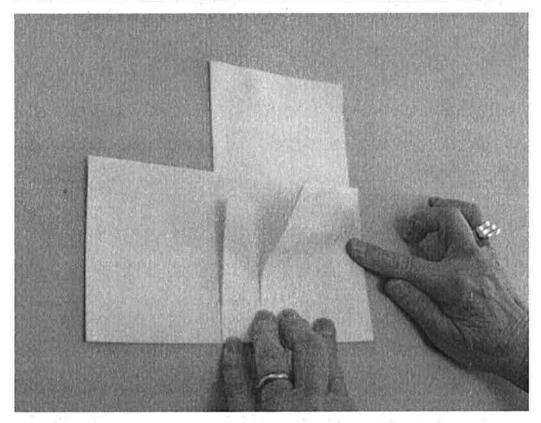
5. Take the bottom of the tall paper and fold it up over the sideways one.



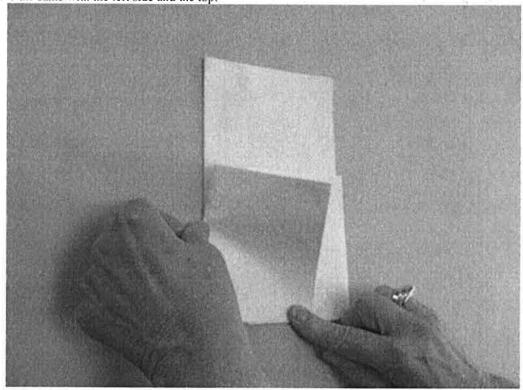


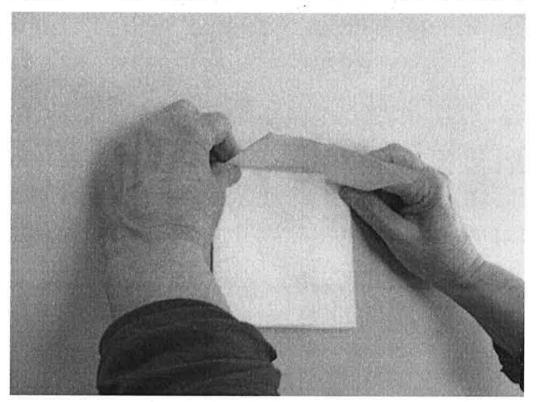
6. Take the right side of the sideways paper and fold it over the bottom you just folded up.



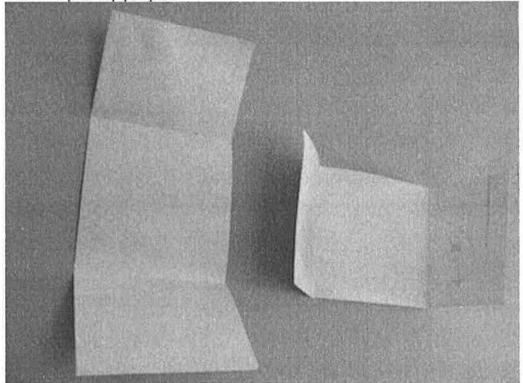


7. Do the same with the left side and the top.

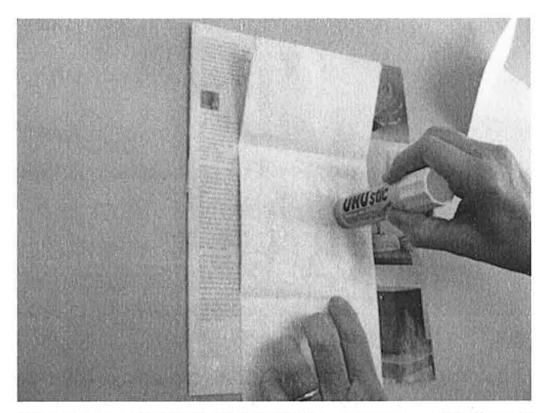


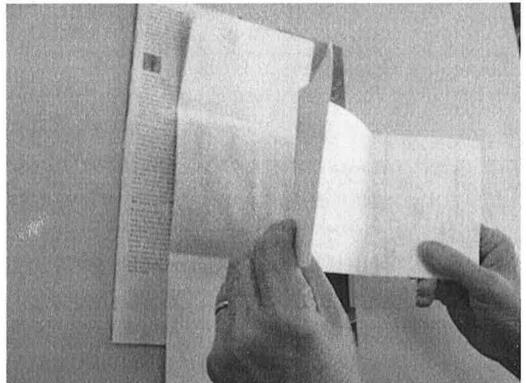


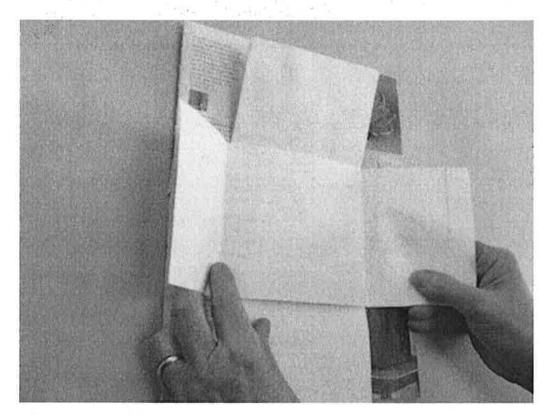
8. Take the two piece of paper apart.

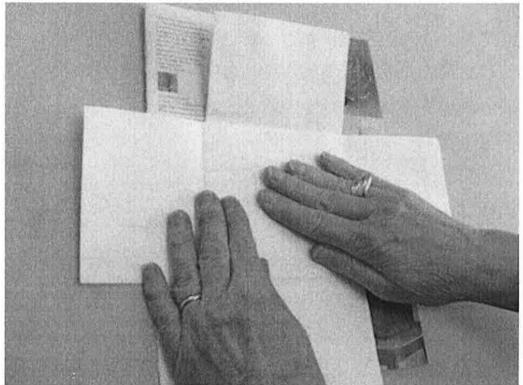


9. Put glue on the center of the tall rectangle, place the sideways piece on top, and smooth to help the glue adhere.



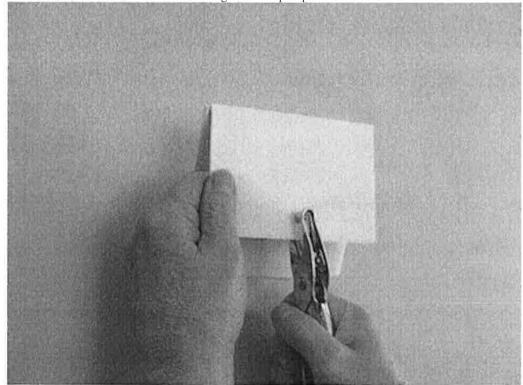


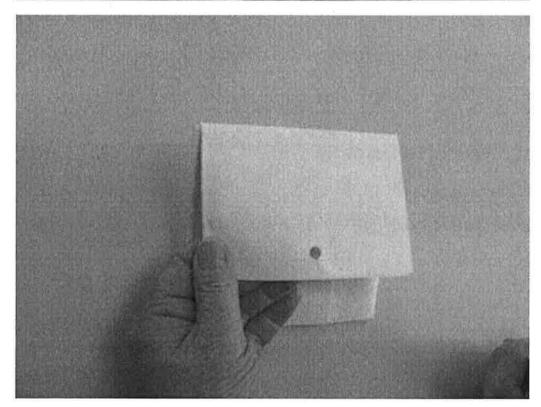




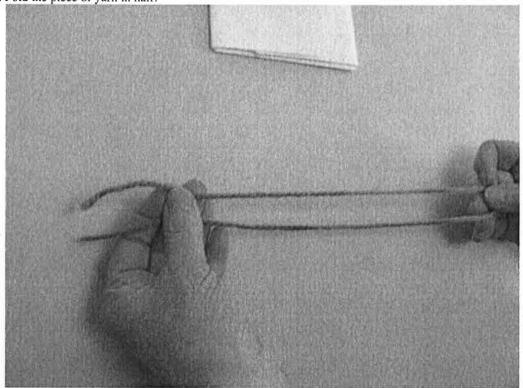
10. Fold the book up.

11. Punch a hole in the center of the lower edge of the top flap.

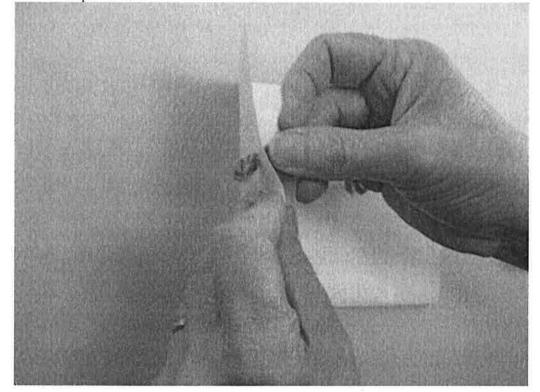




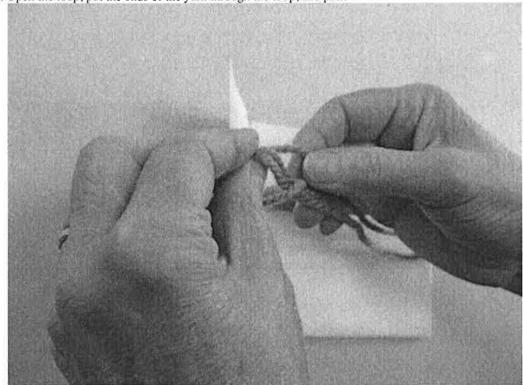
12. Fold the piece of yarn in half.

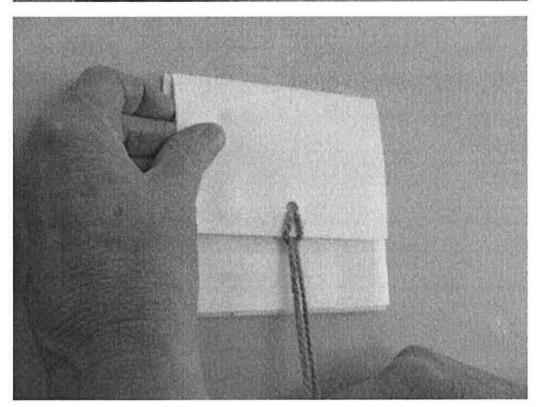


13. Insert the loop end into the hole.

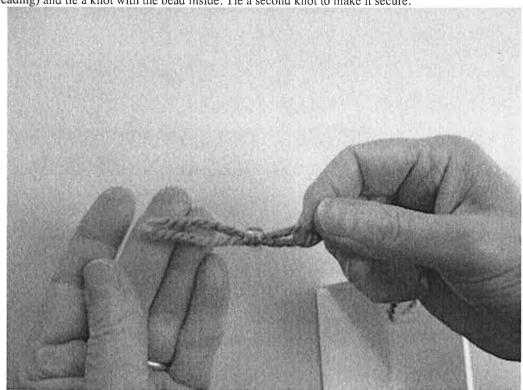


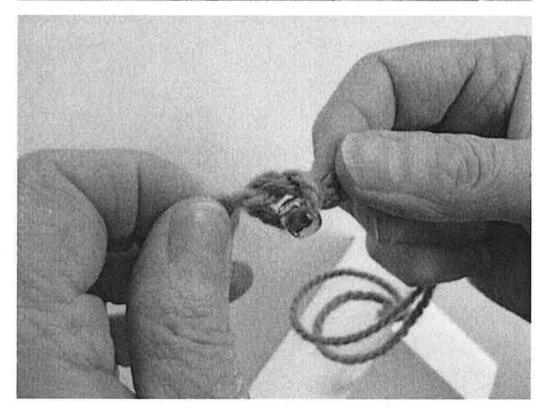
14. Open the loop, put the ends of the yarn through the loop, and pull.





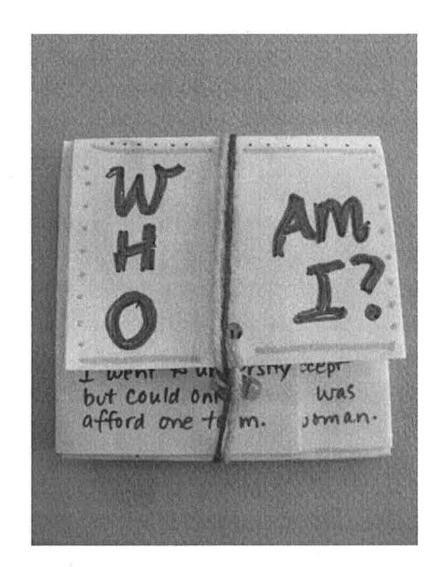
15. Thread both ends of the yarn through a bead (I find it easiest to fold a small loop and twist it before threading) and tie a knot with the bead inside. Tie a second knot to make it secure.





16. To close the book, wrap the yarn around the book and tuck the bead under the yarn.

BESSIE'S BOOK

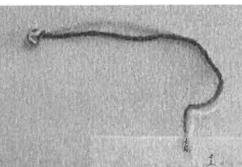




I was born in Atlanta, Texas in 1892. I was the 10th of 13 children. My parents were

I waked 4 miles each day to School. I loved to read and was very good at math. When I was 18, erican flight
I went to university 1d accept but could only afford one term.

lets of old by o were hame from rI.I be a pilot se I was a wman.



I was been in Attanta, Texas in 1842. I was the 10th of 13 cm lider. My parents want space of the control of th

When I was 23, I moved to Chicago. I lived with two of my brothers. I was a manicurist at the white Sox Barber Shop.





J want is France where I bearned to fly and carned an international aviators licence I studied for 2 more months. When I recurred to the Wishington I was bothe front DAM of the newspapers!

I believe the every on bus created equal I visited to of african. American schools and churches. I soul,
"You can be somebody."
You can fay high,
just like me. "

Famous Nebraskans: 36+ choices

Fr. Edward Flanagan

Mildred Brown

Malcolm X

Grace Abbott

George Norris

Willa Cather

Mari Sandoz

Bess Streeter Aldrich

Preston Love

John Beasley

Johnny Carson

Fred Astaire

Hendry Fonda

Marlon Brando

John J. Pershing

Evelyn Sharp

Ben Kuroki

Edward Gomez

Bob Kerrey

Michael Anderson

Johnny Rodgers

Tom Osborne

Bob Gibson

Bob Boozer

Alfonza W. Davis

Darryl Zanuck

Edwin Perkins

Harold Warp

Harold Edgerton

Standing Bear

William Jennings Bryan

Not in The Nebraska Adventure

Rose Blumkin

Warren Buffett

Gale Sayers

Gerald Ford

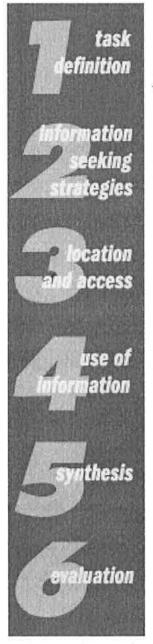
Laurie Housemann White Hawk

Clayton Anderson

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Summary			

The Big6TM Skills

The Big6 is a process model of how people of all ages solve an information problem.



1. Task Definition

- 1.1 Define the information problem
- 1.2 Identify information needed (to solve the information problem)
- o What is my current task?
- What are some topics or questions I need to answer?
- What information will I need?

2. Information Seeking Strategies

- 2.1 Determine all possible sources (brainstorm)
- 2.2 Select the best sources
- What are all the possible sources to check?
- What are the best sources of information for this task?

3. Location and Access

- 3.1 Locate sources (intellectually and physically)
- 3.2 Find information within sources
- o Where can I find these sources?
- Where can I find the information in the source?

4. Use of Information

- 4.1 Engage (e.g., read, hear, view, touch)
- 4.2 Extract relevant information
- What information do I expect to find in this source?
- What information from the source is useful?

5. Synthesis

- 5.1 Organize from multiple sources
- 5.2 Present the information
- o How will I organize my information?
- o How should I present my information?

6. Evaluation

- 6.1 Judge the product (effectiveness)
- 6.2 Judge the process (efficiency)
- o Did I do what was required?
- o Did I complete each of the Big6 Stages efficiently?

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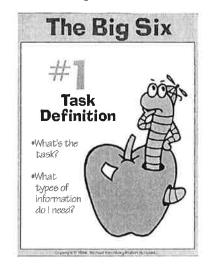
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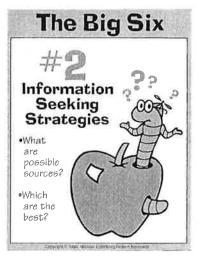
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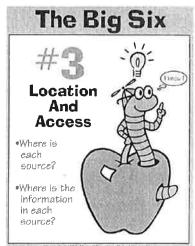
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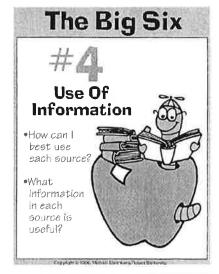
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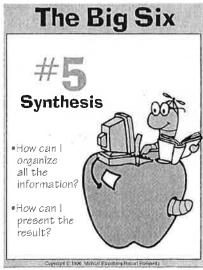
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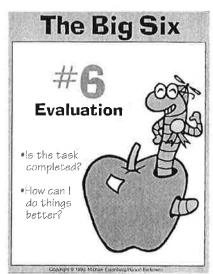
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The Super3 contains the same basic elements as the Big6, but is written for younger students to understand.

1. Plan - (Beginning)

When students get an assignment or a task, BEFORE they start doing anything, they should think:

- What am I supposed to do?
- What will it look like if I do a really good job?
- What do I need to find out to do the job?

Big6 Steps:

- Task Definition
- Information Seeking Strategies

2. Do - (Middle)

In the Middle the students DO the activity. This is where they read, view, tell, make a picture, etc.

Big6 Steps:

- · Location and Access
- Use of Information
- Synthesis

3. Review - (End)

Before finishing the product and turning it in, students should stop and think— Is this done?

- Did I do what I was supposed to do?
- Do I feel ok about this?
- Should I do something else before I turn it in?

Big6 Steps:

Evaluation



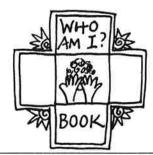






Name

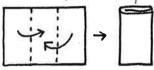
! Very important info – must include! ? Not sure how important – maybe? important - probably won't include ✓ Pretty important info – probably X Possibly interesting, but not too Coding Your Research Key Other Interesting Facts Challenges include Personality Traits and Evidence Interests and Hobbies Number of Sources: Date of Death **Contributions to Society** Early Life/Influences Biography Subject's Name Place of Birth Date of Birth



I use this fun form a lot, especially with second and third grades. Each of the four folded pages has one or two facts. When they are all opened, the center page reveals the identity. I've used them for biographies in history, countries in geography, animals in science, and numbers in math-I am half of 8, I am 2 + 2, etc. You can use velcro instead of the tie.

You Need:

- 1 piece of paper (I use the back panel of a brown grocery bag)
- 9 front or back panel of cereal or cracker box
- 9 1 piece 24" yarn
- 9 Scissors
- 9 Gilve stick and scrap paper
- 10 Hole punch
- 1. Place the paper in front of you so that it is a sideways rectangle and fold it into thirds. I find the best way is to roll it into a three part tube and then flatten it. This fold can be a little tricky but don't worry; if it's not exact, that's okay.

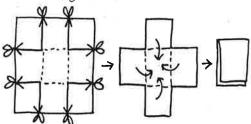


2. Keep the paper folded and fold it into thirds the other way. Because the paper is smaller, it will be easier this time.



3. Open the paper and cut out the four corner pieces to make a large plus sign.

4. Fold the pages in. The order doesn't matter.



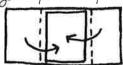
5. Place the folded pages flap side down on a piece of scrap paper. Cover the top surface with give.



7. Trim off the bottom of the cereal box leaving a very narrow border.



8. Fold each side of the cereal box over the pages being careful not to fold the pages.



9. Punch a hole in the center of one of the side flaps. Fold the yarn in half. Put the loop through the hole. Full the loop from the back of the hole and open it up. Put the ends of the yarn through the loop and pull to tighten. Wrap the yarn around the book and tuck it under to keep the book closed.



More bookmaking ideas are available at Susan's website, makingbooks.com. Ebooks are available for purchase at the Bookstore at makingbooks.com.



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